OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

The CONSTITUTIONAL JOURNAL.

By JEFFREY BROADBOTTOM, *of* Covent-Garden, *Esq*;

SATURDAY, JUNE 1, 1745. [Nº. 112.]

AS the Hand of Power has lately been heavy upon all concerned in this Paper; and as the Author, on whom we depended for a Letter this Week, as we apprehend, has thought fit to withdraw himself ever since *Friday* the 24th ult. the Proprietors of this Paper hope for the Indulgence of the Public, in venturing to give the following Extracts for the Entertainment of this Week. In the mean time, the following Advertisement, published by a R——t H——ble Person on Occasion of a general Suspicion of his being Author of *Faction Detected*, is submitted to the Public.

SIR,

SOME Years ago, at the Carnival in *Venice*, a Bravo stabb'd a Man walking in Masquerade, on the Place of St. *Mark*, amidst a thousand other Masks. Seeing the Person drop down, one ask'd this Question, Pray how was this Bravo sure that he killed the right Man? To which it was calmly answered, To be sure he was well inform'd he had got the right Man. However, upon Enquiry, it prov'd that the murder'd Man was the wrong Man.

I cannot help thinking our political Writers are somewhat like these Bravoes, when they attempt to murder Characters with as little Certainty as Ceremony. Very lately a huge, angry Pamphlet made its Appearance under the Title of, *Faction Detected*, &c. It was immediately taken for granted, that it must be the Production of a certain Honourable Person; and upon that right reasonable Presumption, he has been attack'd in Prose and in Verse as the undoubted Author of it

Now it so happens, that the Honourable Person was in no whit or degree privy to the writing and publishing of that Pamphlet; nor had he seen it, or heard of it, until it was publickly seen in Print. If that be Truth, and I do aver it to be so from the surest Authority, what is this but, like the *Italian* Bravo, rashly stabbing the wrong Man, without waiting for sufficient Information?

The following is an Extract from an excellent Pamphlet, entitled, *The* CASE FAIRLY STATED: *In a Letter from a Member of Parliament, in the Country Interest, to one of his Constituents:* Which sets a very important Point in a clear Light.

SIR,

YOU may remember, that a few Days before I left the Country, in order to attend my Duty in Parliament, we received an Account of Alterations at Court, which, you and I flatter'd ourselves, must be attended with some extraordinary Advantages to the Publick: —— You cannot forget with what Satisfaction the first News of this Change was received in the Country; I can assure you, it was received with the same Joy in Town, where Affairs of that Nature are more reasoned upon, and better understood.

You will imagine, that we, who owe our Seats to a voluntary Struggle of the People against the Corruption of the Times, were altogether Neuters in the Quarrel: —— We could have no Affections, no Attachments, to either of the Rivals for Power: ——We had seen one of those Rivals, during a long Administration, aiding and abetting those wicked Measures that have laid the Foundation of all the Calamities that afflict this Country. —— We had seen the chief of the other Faction, for many Years, vigorously and constantly opposing that Administration; but when the critical Time came, and this Country had Reason to expect a thorough Deliverance; when it was in the Power of him and his Friends, by the Assistance of a cool and dispassionate Majority, to have unloosed the Bands of Corruption, and to have repaired the Breaches of the Constitution; we saw him basely bargaining for Favour in the Closet, by screening the Crimes of his Predecessor; meanly capitulating in the Dark, for what he might have challenged in open Day; and to perpetuate his ill-gotten Power, plunging this Country into a ruinous Land War, without a single Ally, contrary to the express Advice of Parliament: —— We had seen, in the Prosecution of that War, every fortunate Opportunity that Providence threw in our Way, neglected; every Proposal of retreating out of it with Honour, slighted and rejected.

In this Light these Competitors for Power were considered; and, therefore, who could wonder, that three noble Lords, who were desirous of taking Advantage from this Struggle, should chuse rather to turn to those whose Interest it seemed to be, to make the greatest Concessions, and from whom the most Good, or, at worst, the least Evil, might be expected?

This Change, as I said, happened before the Meeting of Parliament: When Gentlemen came to Town, one of those noble Persons, with whom many of us lived in Friendship, and whom we all honoured, undertook to treat with us on this Occasion: He gave us the strongest Assurances of the good Intentions of the new Ministry for a total Change of Measures: ——— He represented to us, "That, by the "wild, impracticable Manner in which the War had hi "therto been carried on, Affairs abroad were in a most "distracted Situation; that this Nation was on the Brink "of a dreadful Precipice, from which nothing but the "Assistance of the Country Gentlemen could rescue it, "by enabling the Ministry to get out of the War with "Honour and Safety to the Nation: (a Thing we must "wish as well as they) That the Ministry would assist us, "in Return, in all the reasonable Securities we could de"sire, against those Grievances of which the Country "complained."——— Or Words to that Effect.

There needed few Arguments to convince us of the miserable Situation of our foreign Affairs; and with Regard to domestic, we came but too well instructed by the Calamity and Want we had seen in the Country.

We were sensible, that, considering their past Behaviour, we had but little Expectation of Good from one Set of Men, and from the other none at all. We saw, that if we refused to support that Side, from whence there was a Possibility of Good arising, it would be, in effect, re-establishing the Power of the other, which had already been attended with such fatal Consequences. We foresaw, on the one Hand, the Blame we should justly incur, if, by our Behaviour, we contributed to put the Helm again into those mad Hands, that had already steered the Vessel so near its Destruction: On the other, we as plainly discerned the Hazard we ran, in supporting those who could only give Promises and Assurances, for fulfilling which, some Time, in the Nature of Things, must necessarily be allowed.

In such Circumstances, Sir, we well knew, that our Behaviour would be liable to the Misrepresentation of those whose Interest it was to misrepresent and divide us. But, I must confess, we little imagined, our Conduct would have been compared with that of those Gentlemen who so shamefully deserted us three Years ago. We were then a confessed Majority, able, if *they had been willing*, to redress the Grievances of our Country: That all Inquiry into past Offences was opposed by some of them, from the very Beginning of their Power, is notorious; and that others, who outwardly promoted a Committee of Inquiry, made use of it only for private Ends, is as notorious: For tho' the Report of that Committee was allowed, even by an able Friend of the late Minister's*, to contain as black a Scene of Iniquity and Corruption as ever was laid before a Parliament; yet, when the Turn was served, that Report lay unregarded upon the Table; and such have been the Measures those Gentlemen have since pursued, such the miserable Condition to which they have reduced their Country, that it has been forced, in a Manner, to turn for Relief to those very Persons who had been so deeply concerned in that dark Scene I have just mentioned.

Let us now examine into the Conduct of that worthy Gentleman and his Friends, who have been so unfairly misrepresented on this Occasion.——They saw their Country just sinking, almost beyond the Hopes of Redemption, and considered the Opportunity now offered as the last (and pray God it may not be so!) of propping up a falling Nation, in Hopes of some further Assistance to re establish it on a more solid Foundation. —— I appeal to all Mankind, whether this was not the general Opinion at the Time I am speaking of.

But upon the first Overtures, that were made to the Gentlemen, whose Characters deserve this Vindication, how did they act? Did they endeavour to turn the national Distress to their private Advantage? Did they bargain for Employments for themselves and Families? No, Sir; it is notorious, that on their first coming to Town, when they were separately talk'd to, and solicited to take Places, with unusual Application, their Refusal was almost unanimous: Their Answer, proceeding from Principle, not from any previous Concert, was the same, "That they were truly "sensible of the Miseries of their Country, and ready, "without any Advantage to themselves, to assist those who "should stand forth as its Deliverers; but desired to be "excused from any Share in Employments, 'till they saw "an Alteration of domestic as well as of foreign Measures.

They acknowledged, that the great, the immediate Point to be attended to, was the getting rid of the War on the Continent:——They knew, that, should the Expence of That continue but for one more inglorious, inactive Campaign, the Nation would be so exhausted, that all Constitutional Remedies would be as ineffectual as alterative Medicines administered to a Patient who was bleeding to Death.——— But did they make this a Pretence for not asking for Constitutional Bills? No, Sir; tho' they were sensible their first Application must be to close that Wound, thro' which their Country was bleeding its last; yet they were not unmindful of preparing Remedies to restore it to its former Vigor.—They told the noble Lord I have mentioned, that unless something was done for the Constitution, it was in vain for the Ministers to expect their Assistance; and for Fear of Mistakes, they put into his Hands their Propositions in Writing, of which the following is an authentic Copy. But I must first clear up a very gross Mistake about those Propositions, which have been maliciously ushered into the World, under the Title of *Broadbottom Promises*, with an Insinuation, as if the Country Gentlemen, who made those Demands, had actually promised them to their Friends. —— They made no Promises to their Friends: God knows! it was not in their Power, at that time, to make any Promises. ——— The Particulars they desired were,

1. That there shall be new Commissions of the Peace for every County, and that all Gentlemen of Fortune be admitted without Distinction.

2. That the Bill for the Qualification of Justices be explained, and made effectual.

3. That no Custom House or Excise Officers shall be allowed to vote at Elections of Members to serve in Parliament; and that a Bill be passed for that Purpose.

4. That a Place-Bill, with proper Restrictions, be passed.

5. That there be an Enquiry into the State and Management of the Navy.

6. That when the Circumstances of Affairs shall permit, such a Reduction of the Army be made, as shall be consistent with the Liberties of a Free People.

7. That there be as great Savings as possible in all Parliamentary Grants, and that a Spirit of Oeconomy be carried thro' the whole.

8. That the 16,000 *Hanoverians* shall not be continued in *English* Pay, but that other Troops, if necessary, be provided in their Stead.

9. That such Measures only be pursued, as shall be consistent with the Interest of *Great-Britain*.

I need not expatiate on the Importance and Utility of these Propositions: As on the one Hand, they were not so stiff and rigid as to be called impracticable; so on the other, I think, they as little deserved the Epithets of trifling and immaterial. And had they taken Place with the Settlement of the Crown, we should not complain of that Load of Debts and Taxes, under which we stagger at this Day. ——The Nation hath sensibly felt the Want of such Securities. —— You and I have lived to see the inferior Utensils of Offices, and the low Retinue of Ministers, usurp Seats in a certain Place, where they never could have mounted but by Practices unnatural to the Constitution.

* *One of the City Members.*

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FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

LOW COUNTRIES.

Bruſſels, May 31. The Day before Yeſterday two Dutch Regiments paſſed by here, in their Way to the Army; the ſame Day there landed at Oſtend 3000 Engliſh Troops, and 150 Horſes, which are likewiſe in full March for the Army, where two Regiments of Waraſdins, and 1000 Huſſars are hourly expected from Germany. As we can form no certain Judgment of the Motions of the French, after the Citadel of Tournay ſhall have fallen into their Hands; and as there is no Certainty whether they deſign to beſiege Mons or Namur next, or whether they may not attempt ſomewhat againſt the Army of the Allies, it has been thought proper to retrench their advantageous Camp in the Neighbourhood of Leſſines. The French give out, that Lieutenant-General de Philippe, who commands a flying Camp of 20,000 Men in the Neighbourhood of Maubeuge, marched on the 29th, and took Poſſeſſion of the important Poſt of Maſy, by which he has block'd up the Fortreſs of Namur on that Side. The ſame Day a Body of French Pandours burnt a Farm-Houſe within a League of the Camp of the Allies. In the Night of the 29th, they attacked ſome of our advanced Poſts, but were repuls'd with Loſs, and retired into a Wood. We are informed, that the Duke of Cumberland and Count Koniggegg having received certain Advices that the Governor of the Citadel of Tournay has poſitive Orders to defend himſelf to the laſt Extremity, they are uſing the utmoſt Diligence to put the Army under their Command into ſuch a Condition, as that they may be able to make a ſecond Attempt for the Relief of the Place.

IRELAND.

Dublin, May 18. Laſt Tueſday twenty Men were draughted from each Company of Foot on Dublin Duty; and the ſame is done from each Company in this Kingdom, to be ſent as a Reinforcement to our Army in Flanders. The Men ſhew'd great Willingneſs to go abroad; and the Draught will make 1200, who are to go directly from Cork to Oſtend.

The Phœnix of Coleraine, James Slone, of Wexford, bound Home with Corn, had her Foremaſt carried away laſt Thurſday Morning in the Storm that happened, about a League from the Bay of Dublin.

We hear from Kinſale, that the Trial and Phœnix Privateers have brought in there two large Ships, bound for Martinico with Proviſions.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Newcaſtle, May 25. Laſt Tueſday Afternoon a moſt barbarous Murder was committed near the Water-Side, between Sunderland and Hilton-Caſtle; viz. Mr. Thomas Alder, ſen. being occaſionally that Way, was heard to call to Stephen Haddock, a Keelman, then going up Wear River in his Keel, that he would be aground; upon which, Haddock anſwered with great Oaths, that if he was aſhore he would cut his Throat: Soon after Haddock came on Shore; he made up to Mr. Alder, and, having knock'd him down with the Keel's Set, afterwards cut his Throat, ripp'd up his Belly, and turned out his Puddings, and cut off his Privy Parts. Mr. Alder's Lad coming likewiſe that Way in that Inſtant, aſk'd Haddock why he us'd his Maſter ſo ill; whereupon he ſwore he would kill him too: However, the Lad rode to Hilton-Caſtle, got five or ſix Men, who came and apprehended him, and carried him before Baron Hilton, who committed him to Durham Jail.

LONDON.

According to private Letters from Peterſburgh, the Czarina has cauſed the Dutch Ambaſſador Extraordinary to be inform'd, that as ſoon as the Marriage between the Grand Prince and Princeſs is ſolemnized, and ſome other Meaſures conſequent therefrom are fixed, her Imperial Majeſty will take ſuch Steps for facilitating the Reſtoration of the Peace and Balance of Power in Europe, as ſhall be perfectly agreeable to the Queen of Hungary and the Maritime Powers.

All the Advices from Italy aſſure us, that the Spaniſh and Neapolitan Troops ſuffer exceedingly by the Marches they have made, and are obliged to make, over Mountains, and Roads almoſt impracticable; eſpecially for Troops ſo indifferently provided as they are, without Artillery, and without Baggage; at the ſame time that it is doubtful, whether the Army of Don Philip will be able to march, or the Genoeſe to fulfil their Engagements, provided they are inclined to it.

There are Letters from Dreſden which ſay, that his Pruſſian Majeſty acts entirely from his own Judgment in the preſent Conjuncture; ſeveral of his ableſt Miniſters and moſt experienced Generals having repreſented to him the Riſque he runs in caſe he ſhould be forced to a deciſive Engagement againſt a ſuperior Army, and in a Country which is in a manner wholly diſaffected. But the Suggeſtions of M. de Valori, and the Hopes of ſome ſudden Turn in the Empire, keeps him fix'd to his old Syſtem.

By the ſame Letters we are told, M. de Naugrenun did not ſeem at all ſurprized at the Concluſion of the Convention between the Courts of Vienna and Dreſden, but contented himſelf with ſaying, His Maſter did not pretend to hinder the German States from forging or rivetting their own Chains; but that whenever they found themſelves again oppreſs'd by that Houſe, they would do well to carry their Complaints elſewhere, ſince they would ſcarce be liſtned to at Verſailles.

They write from Ratiſbon, that M. de Chavigni no ſooner received Advice from the Count de Saxe of the Advantage gained in the Battle of Fontenoi, than he immediately went to Nymphenbourgh, and communicated it to the Elector in the utmoſt Tranſport. *Sir*, anſwer'd his Highneſs, *I never doubted the Courage or the Succeſs of the French for themſelves; but, I am ſure, they wanted Spirits, Diſcipline, and good Fortune, whenever they fought for*, &c.

Letters from the Hague acquaint us, that the Prince de Heſſe Phillipſtadt, who commanded the Dutch Rear-Guard, after the Battle of Fontenoi, marched, tho' exceedingly indiſpoſed, at the Head of his Corps, and by his extraordinary Prudence and Valour did great Service to the whole Confederate Army; for which Prince Waldeck returned him Thanks as ſoon as the Forces arrived under the Cannon of Aeth; and the States ſeem extremely pleaſed with this Piece of News, which is of great Conſequence to them.

There are Letters from Paris, by the Way of Holland, which ſay, that the Prince of Conti having repreſented the Impoſſibility of effecting any thing in Germany, a Reſolution had been taken to withdraw a great Part of his Forces; and with the reſt, to form an Army of Obſervation in the Neighbourhood of Spire.

We learn by private Letters from the Hague, that Baron Dort, Governor of Tournay, two Days before the Surrender of the Place, cauſed a Survey to be made of the Proviſions in all the Burghers Families, and order'd the beſt Part to be transferred to the Citadel, by which Method he has ſecured ſix Weeks Food for his Garriſon.

The Count de Saxe having threatened M. de Dort, that himſelf and his Garriſon ſhould have no Quarter if he did not ſurrender the Town and Citadel together, he anſwer'd, that as he was very old, and had loſt the Sight of one Eye, it was a Thing very indifferent to him, half an Eye and a very little Life being no mighty Sacrifice in the Cauſe of one's Country.

Advices from Berlin ſay, that his Pruſſian Majeſty has diſgrac'd ſeveral of the beſt Officers in his Army, which has occaſioned very great Diſcontents; and that it was believed he would very ſoon be obliged to retire with his Forces to Glogaw, the Auſtrians and Saxons being ſuperior to him by 20,000 Men.

The Elector of Cologne has written a long and affectionate Letter to the Elector of Bavaria, his Nephew, with his own Hand; in which he highly commends his Conduct ſince the late Treaty of Peace; and moſt earneſtly exhorts him to perſiſt ſteadily in his Engagements with the Court of Vienna, and the Maritime Powers.

According to private Letters for the Army, the Dutch Court-Martial, which was lately held on the Officers who miſbehaved in the Action near Fontenoi, have ſentenced a Lieutenant-General who retired precipitately with two Regiments of Horſe and Dragoons to Mons, to be ſhot at the Head of the Army; which, as the Sentence of that Court was to be final, it is preſumed was executed immediately.

The Sloop of War arrived at Portſmouth from Gibraltar, has brought from thence the Captains and Chief Officers ordered home, to be tried with the Admirals Mathews and Leſtock.

The Heart-Free, Capt. Goult, bound up the Mediterranean with Proviſions from Ireland, is taken by a French Man of War, and carried into Cadiz.

The Thomas Brigantine, of and from Liverpool for Africa, is carried into Rochel.

The Hampſhire Comer, from Maryland for London, is taken by a French Privateer.

There is Advice that a French Privateer of 24 Guns, and near 300 Men, who, with ſeveral others of the ſame Nation, have been for ſome time in the North Seas, in order to intercept ſome Merchant Ships Homeward-bound, is taken by one of his Majeſty's Ships of War, after a very ſmart Engagement, in which ſeveral were kill'd on both Sides.

His Grace the Duke of Bedford is appointed Lord Lieutenant of the County of Bedford, in the room of the late Duke of Kent. His Grace was appointed Cuſtos Rotulorum of that County about three Weeks ago.

His Majeſty's Ship the Experiment ſailed from Jamaica the 2d of April, with the Fleet of Merchant-Ships for England, under Convoy of his Majeſty's Ships the Cumberland, Rippon, Aſſiſtance, and Montague, and parted with them in the Weſtward Paſſage. Admiral Davers, with the Fleet from England, arrived in Jamaica Five Weeks before this Fleet ſailed.

The Lord Bury, Son of the Right Hon. the Earl of Albemarle, and Captain Perry, are appointed Colonels in the Second Regiment of Foot-Guards.

Julius Cæſar, Eſq; is alſo appointed Captain-Lieutenant in one of the ſaid Companies.

The Eagle Privateer, Capt. Beazley, has taken the La Bon Eſperance, being a Cutter Privateer belonging to Bologne, of ſix Guns, and fifty-ſix Men, and has carried her into Dover.

The Greyhound, Capt. Richard Jefferies, and the William, Capt. Richards, both Privateers of New-York, have taken and carried into Barbados two French Sloops of St. Lucia; one of them is a Bermudian-built Sloop, laden with clay'd Sugar, Coffee, Tobacco, Negroes, Peaſe, Indian Corn, &c. and as the Sloop is a prime Sailor, they have fitted her out to go with them privateering.

Sunday in the Evening Mr. Long, a Merchant of this City, on his Return from Green's Ferry to his Lodgings at Tottenham Town, was attack'd by ſeveral Fellows, who robb'd him of his Watch, eight Guineas, and ſome Silver.

There is certain Advice, that the Men of War and Tranſports from New-England arrived within three Miles of Cape Breton the 12th of April, where they landed their Forces, and were joined by Commodore Warren's Squadron from the Weſt-Indies, ſo that 'tis hoped in a few Days we ſhall hear that they have made themſelves Maſters of that Place.

We hear that the Court-Martial on the two Admirals and ſeveral Captains of the Engliſh Fleet, for miſbehaving at the late Engagement near Toulon, will be held next Week at Portſmouth.

The Clotilda, Capt. Rothery, from Whitehaven for Rotterdam, who was taken by the St. Michael Privateer of Dunkirk, is retaken by the Swift Privateer, Capt. Hudſon, who drove the St. Michael aſhore near Newport, and carried the Clotilda into Oſtend.

The Content, Cooper, from Liverpool for Barbados, and the Good Hope, Miller, from Boſton for St. Kitt's, are both taken and carried into Martinico.

The following is a Liſt of the Spaniſh Men of War that were in Carthagena Harbour the 9th of April, O. S. all cleaned, full mann'd, and ready for Sea; they are, it's ſaid, waiting for a French Squadron to join them, and then intend to proceed to Cadiz, viz. the Real of 114 Guns; the Iſabella of 80 Guns; el Leon Grande, la Santa Tereſa, el Oriente, St. Fernando, el Colorada, el Hercules, of 64 Guns; la Guipuſcoa, le Alocha, of 60 Guns; la Galga, el Conſtante, la America, la Paloma, el Retiro, of 54 Guns; el Roſario of 50 Guns.

It is ſaid that Admiral Medley has join'd Admiral Rowley, and they are before Cartagena, and have block'd up the above Ships; and that Commodore Oſborn is with a Squadron of 12 Sail cruizing off Cadiz.

Tueſday the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor nominated Abraham Deakins, Eſq; Citizen and Clothworker, as a proper Perſon for one of the Sheriffs of this City for the enſuing Year.

Tueſday Sir Simon Urling, Knt. Recorder of this City, attended the Lords of the Regency with the Report of the

Malefactors condemned last Sessions, when their Lordships ordered Lettice Lyon, Stephen Parsons, Edward Ryan, Edmund Gilbert, Samuel Keep, George Norton, and Mary Cut-and-come-again, for Execution, which, we hear, will be on Friday next; and Esther Fowler for Transportation for fourteen Years.

The King has been pleased to grant unto the Right Hon. Thomas Earl of Leicester, and Sir Everard Fawkener, Knt. in the room of Sir John Eyles, Bart. deceas'd, the Office of Post-Master-General.

His Majesty's Ships the Princess Louisa, Capt. Boys, and the Captain, Capt. Griffin, have taken the Grand Turk Privateer of St. Malo's, of 34 Carriage-Guns and 350 Men, and brought her into Plymouth. They left the Monmouth Man of War, Capt. Harrison, in Chace of the Grand Bich, another stout Privateer, her Consort, and believe the Monmouth has taken her.

The Saphire Man of War has taken a Spanish Privateer of 16 Guns and 160 Men, and carried her into Cork.

The Stafford, Capt Perry, for London from Liverpool, is taken and carried into Havre de Grace.

The Letitia, Capt. Mullins, from the Leeward-Islands and Cork, and the Antigua Planter, Capt. Hamilton, from Antigua and Ilfracomb, are taken by the French, and sent to St. Malo's.

Capt. Taffery, of Topsham, from Guernsey, was last Saturday Night taken by a French Privateer of 26 Guns, and 300 Men.

The Neptune, Robert Ladd, late Master, from Carolina for London, was taken by the Conquerant, from Martinico for Nantz, and retaken by the Milford, from Bristol, bound for Jamaica, eight Days after, and sent into Bristol.

The Hester, Bowes, from Newcastle for Virginia, and the Mary, ——, from Amsterdam, last from Newcastle for Carolina, are both taken by two French Privateers, the Royal and the Duchess of Penthievre, of 24 Guns each, the 11th ult. six Leagues to the Northward, off Shetland; the first they ransomed.

Wednesday the Rev. Mr. Mills was married to Miss Potter, youngest Daughter of his Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury, at his Palace at Lambeth.

We hear from Exeter, by a Letter dated the 26th ult. that a few Days before was executed there a Commission of Ideocy, upon a young Lady near that Place, worth upwards of 40,000 l. The Jury found, and return'd her of an Unsound Mind, so as not to have a Capacity sufficient to manage her Affairs; which, it seems, will be consider'd in Law as Lunacy.

They write from Florence, that, in Consequence of three secret Conventions for different Terms, which are now all expired, a perpetual offensive and defensive Alliance has been concluded between the Crown of Spain and the Republick of Genoa; which was signed on the 20th of April, and will shortly be made public.

We learn from Hanover, that a Man has been lately burnt alive at Sels, being convicted as an Incendiary. He had, it seems, twice set that Town on Fire, by which many of its Inhabitants were reduced to extreme Misery.

We learn by private Letters from the Hague, that the Garrison that marched out of the Town, into the Citadel of Tournay, consisting of 11 Battalions, and three Squadrons, making in all upwards of 7000 Men.

The same Letters say, that the Magazine of Powder which blew up there, had in it 60,000 Weight of that Commodity; that a great Part of the Fortifications were ruined by that Accident; and part of the Regiment of Patot buried under them. It is believed this was the Effect of Treachery, because the Director of the Sluices disappeared the same Night, after having rendered them useless.

Admiralty-Office, May 25. On the 15th Inst. Captain Beavor, in his Majesty's Ship the Fox, about four Leagues off Flamborough Head, seeing a Sail in the Offing, gave Chace to her. She proved to be a French Privateer, which, upon seeing the Fox, tack'd, and stood off. Between 9 and 10 the next Morning, the Fox came within Musket-Shot of her; and the Privateer in springing her Luff, in order to give the Fox her Broadside, carried away all her Top-Masts, on which she immediately struck. She came out of Dunkirk five Days before, but had taken nothing. She mounts 14 Guns, Nine pounders; and 16 Swivels, Two pounders, and has 145 Men: She is called le Bon Ame Louis.

BANKRUPTS.

Joseph Bennel, of the Parish of St. Martin in the Fields, in the County of Middlesex, Victualler and Chapman.

John Langdon, of Birmingham, Hardwareman and Chapman.

John Iatt, of Great Queen-Street, in the Parish of St. Giles in the Fields in the County of Middlesex, Coachmaker.

William Cokayne, late of Hatton-Garden in Middlesex, and now of the Parish of St. James Westminster, Merchant.

This Day is publish'd,
(Price Sixpence)

THE CASE FAIRLY STATED. In a LETTER from a Member of Parliament, in the Country Interest, to one of his Constituents.

Ne quid falsi dicere audeat, ne quid veri non audeat.

Printed for M. COOPER at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row.

This Day is publish'd,
(Price One Shilling and Sixpence)

A TREATISE on the GOUT and RHEUMATISM. Wherein a Method is laid down of relieving, in an eminent Degree, those excruciating Distempers.

By R. JAMES, *M. D*

Printed for, and sold by T. Osborne, in Gray's-Inn, and J. Roberts, in Warwick-Lane.

Where may be had, price 1 s. *by the above Author, the Second Edition,*

A new Method of preventing and curing the Madness caused by the Bite of a Mad Dog, laid before the Royal Society in Feb. 1741.

This Day is published, Price 3 s.

VOLUME the TENTH of DR. SWIFT's WORKS: Containing his Sermons, together with several Letters and Poems never before published.

Printed for R. Dodsley, in Pall-Mall; and sold by M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row.

This Day is publish'd.
(Price One Shilling and Sixpence)

A Survey of the NATIONAL DEBTS, the Sinking Fund, the Civil List, and the Annual Supplies: Giving a clear and impartial Account of our Present State with Regard to Publick Money. With Tables of the National Debts for 1716, and the five last Years; the Navy Debts; the Expence of the War for the four last Years; the Monies expended on all Occations for the Publick, in the same Years; and the Supplies of the first seven Years of Queen Anne's War, compared with those granted in the last seven Sessions of Parliament.

Humbly inscribed to Sir JOHN PHILIPPS, *Bart.*

Printed by W. Webb, near St. Paul's.

This Day his publish'd,

With his MAJESTY's Royal Priviledge and License,

Price 2 s. 6 d. Sheep 3 s. Calf.

THE FABLES of PHÆDRUS Translated into English Prose, as near the Original as the different Idioms of the Latin and English Languages will allow. With the Latin Text and Order of Construction in the opposite Page; and Critical, Historical, Geographical, and Classical Notes in English. For the Use of Schools, as well as of Private Gentlemen.

—— *Lectorem delectando pariterque monendo.* Hor.

Printed for Joseph Davidson, at the Angel in the Poultry, Cheapside. *Where may be had,*

1. The Works of Horace done in the same manner.
2. The Works of Virgil ditto.
3. The Works of Ovid, No. 1. the Second of which is in the Press.

To be Sold by AUCTION,

On Monday *the* 10*th of* June, *and the following Days,*

ALL the entire Houshold Goods and Furniture of the late Lord *SUFFOLK*, at his Seat at *Audlyend*, near *Saffron-Walden* in *Essex*: Consisting of fine Damask, Needlework, Camblet, Silk, Harrateen, and other Beds and Bedding; several India Chests, fine Cabinets, a Walnut-tree Accompt Bureau Table, with a Leather Top; all Sorts of Mahogony Tables, Chairs, China; a curious Collection of Pictures, Pier-Glasses, and Sconces; several fine Marble Tables on Mahogony Frames, all Sorts of very good Kitchen Furniture, and Brewing Vessels of all Kinds; a Chariot, and all his Lordship's Stable of fine Hunting Horses, Road-Horses, Coach-Horses, Cart-Horses, and Colts; together with a Pack of Fox-Hounds.

N. B. At the same Time and Place, will be sold by View, or Hand, the live and dead Stock of several Farms, with the Husbandry Tackling, which were in his Lordship's Occupation. The Goods to be view'd on *Thursday* the 6th of *June*, and the following Days, 'till the Time of Sale, which will begin each Day at Ten o'Clock.

CATALOGUES to be had at Mr. *POWLE*'s, Upholder, facing *George Yard* in *Lombard-Street*; Mr. *APPLEBEE*'s, Printer in *Bolt Court*, *Fleet-street*, and at the Place of Sale.

Dr. R. NELSON's *long-experienced* COMPOUND, *or never-failing Anti-Venereal Electuary, the like of which is not to be met with,*

FOR the true Cure of fresh Venereal Injuries, (and all the lurking Relicks or Remains of old ones) how virulent or obstinate soever they may be; for it immediately puts a Stop to their Progress, and entirely, and as it were, instantly, ferrets out, and carries off all the filthy poisonous Infection, wears away the various Symptoms, and by Degrees cleanses off the Running, and heals and strengthens the Parts, sensibly and firmly, without the too common Consequences of leaving either Foulness, Gleeting, or Weakness behind. This it does in a Way so regular and gentle, both by Stool and Urine, and with a Dose, each Time, so small and pleasant (the Quantity but of a Nutmeg) that the nicest Persons are as well surprized as delighted with it, and the more, as it agrees with every one's Constitution hinders no Business, nor gives the least Suspicion to the nearest Relation.

In a very small Space of Time (living temperately) it rids away a mild CLAP, and those more severe, according to their several Degrees of Malignity.

There never was, nor can be in the whole Art of Physick contrived, any Medicine or Method capable of performing the Cure more certainly, more safely, or more speedily, for it is so compleatly adapted to every Circumstance of the Infection, and so fully answers the several Intentions of curing, that it is impossible it should once fail.

But no more need to be said of it, for it will recommend it self, insomuch that no Person will ever after seek for Cure himself, or advise his Friend to any other Remedy.

Price 5 s. the Tin-Pot. Prepar'd only by the Doctor, as abovesaid and left (sealed up with Directions) at Mr. Corbet's Bookseller at Addison's Head, opposite St. Dunstan's Church, Fleet-street, and by Mr. Cook, under the Royal-Exchange; where it may be had by any Messenger, asking only for a 5 s. Pot of the COMPOUND.

To all Gentlemen, Builders, and Others.

JOSEPH EMERTON, COLOURMAN,

At the BELL *and* SUN, *over-against Norfolk-Street, between St. Clement's and the New Church in the Strand, London, Brother to the late Mr.* Alexander Emerton, *and who, in the said* Alexander Emerton's *Life time, chiefly managed his Business,*

SELLS all Sorts of Colours in greater Perfection than the said late Alexander Emerton did, by the Help of a new invented Machine, or Horse-Mill, being an Improvement upon the Plan of his said late Brother's Mill, and far exceeding it. So that Gentlemen, Builders and others may depend upon being supplied with the best, finest, and neatest ground Colours, with which they may set their Servants or Labourers to Paint their Houses, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

He likewise sells to the Ladies all sorts of WATER COLOURS and VARNISH, with every thing necessary for the New Japanning; and gives a printed Direction, for the doing of it to the greatest Nicety, to those that buy Colours. Also Italian Powder for cleaning Pictures, and fine Picture Varnish.

He also sells Floor-Cloths of all Sizes, and Patterns at the cheapest Rate.

And deals only for READY MONEY.

The most Fam'd and Long experienced Chymical DROPS *for*

ASTHMA's and CONSUMPTIONS, that have been sold so many Years, and with such uncommon Success and Benefit to the Public, and are still sold only by Mr. Read, for 3 s. 6 d. each Vial, at his Great Corner-House in White-Fryars, Fleet-street.

They are a most incomparable and never-failing Medicine for the immediate Relief, and perfect Cure of the most confirm'd ASTHMA of the longest Standing;

And of all Sorts of CONSUMPTIONS, even when so far advanced as not to be cured by any other Medicine in the World.

For their Virtues vastly exceed any Thing that ever was publish'd, or ever known in the whole World in the Cure of the worst Asthma's and Consumptions of all Sorts, Coughs, Colds, Catarrhs, &c.

They instantly relieve the Patient in the most suffocating Fit of an Asthma, and make a perfect Cure in a very short Time; for they gently open the Breast, and immediately give Liberty of Breathing, without Danger of taking Cold; they admirably allay the Tickling, which provokes frequent Coughing, and take off the uneasy Sensation of acrimonious Humours, cleanse the small Glands, relax the Fibres, and thereby enlarge the Capacities of the Vessels; thus they regularly and quickly cure the most obstinate Asthma's of the longest Standing.

They speedily and to Admiration cure all Sorts of Consumptions, removing all Obstructions of the Breast and Lungs, Hoarseness, Wheezing, Soreness, Shortness of Breath, troublesome long standing and spending Night-Coughs, Chin or Hoopin-Coughs in Children. They are also exceeding nutritive and strengthening to Persons of weakly Constitutions, and have no other sensible Operation than to occasion a gentle Breathing in the Night; are so agreeable, and so few Drops to a Dose, that Children take them with Pleasure, and without any Confinement.

In short, these unparallell'd Chymical Drops are the most infallible Remedy that ever was known, for the Ailments above-mentioned; are allow'd to be so by the most judicious among the Learned in Physick; and confirm'd by the largest Experience in private Practice, and therefore are made public for common Good.

The True Cordial QUINTESSENCE *of* VIPERS, *the most Noble and Grand Preparation in the whole* Materia Medica, *for the real, substantial Cure of* Impotency *in Men, and* Barrenness *in Women; and is vastly preferable to* Viper Wine, *or any other Preparation of* Vipers *whatever, as being replete with the full and whole Virtues of them.*

A Few Drops of it only, gives such a generous Warmth, and so exceedingly delights the Vital and Animal Spirits, Senses, and Nerves, as soon to shew what it will do, upon a little Continuance of it; for it not only promotes, and prompts to a Desire, but also furnishes proper Matter, for the Support and Establishment of a true lasting Incl nation and Power.

By this Means it answers the End as well of Food as Physick; nor is there any thing in Nature besides, that can in that Respect come up to it considering that it universally nourishes and restores in all the Declensions of Desire and Vigour, without the least forcing the Vessels, or stimulating the Parts, as most other Medicines for these Purposes do: And tho' it be a Maxim in Physick, that sine CERERE & BACCHO FRIGET VENUS, that is, in effect, is so sufficiently nutritious as to want no Assistance that Way; not but it must be allowed, that good Eating and Drinking with it, cannot but in some Degree, at least as an Auxiliary contribute to its Efficacy.

Nor does it only furnish Matter and create Desire, but also true Power (as it braces up and corroborates the Testes) and gives an elastick Springiness to the Muscular Erectores Penis in Men, and corrects, cleanses, and comforts the Uterus, or Womb in Women, the Lankness and Laxity of the former, and the Foulness, Coldness, or Obstruction of the latter, being more the Cause of Impotency or Infertility, in the one Sex, and Indifferency or Sterility in the other than any Thing else beside; and that it is Balsamick, and greatly Restorative, is confirmed by long Experience, and we have many Instances in Physical Writings, of Persons arriving to a healthful old Age, as well as recover'd from deplorable Decays and Weaknesses, by a continued Use of the common Preparations of Vipers, which this Quintessence, by being of vastly more Efficacy, brings about in a Quarter of the Time, and with the Tenth Part of the Quantity.

Those who but once try it, will so pleasantly experience it nutritive quickening Properties, in exhilerating the Heart, reviving the Spirits, comforting the Vitals, circulating the Juice, and increasing and renovating, as it were, the whole Man, that they will never be without it; for it is such a present Help, in Time of Need, as that on the taking then but a Dose or two more of it than ordinary, it will so instantaneously animate the dull inactive Spirits, and rouze up and actuate the sluggish enfeebled Faculties, in both Sexes, as to excite and capacitate where it could hardly be expected and at the same Time seldom fails to render that conjugal Intercourse Prolifick. Price Half a Guinea the Bottle.

Mr. Wesh, Goldsmith, who us'd to sell these Bottles, being lately dead it is now Sold only by his Son-in-Law, Mr. Johnson a Baker, at the Seven Stars in Vere Street, Clare-Market, sealed up, with Directions (for any Medicine) upon asking for only a Bottle of Quintessence.

PARALYTICON SEU ANIMA NERVORUM:

A ſtupendous Chymical Eſſence which infallibly cures the PALSY and all other Nervous Diſeaſes

THE very firſt Doſe of it (a few Drops only) inſtantly penetrates the inmoſt Receſſes of the ramified Nerves, and darting almoſt as quick as Lightning through the whole human Syſtem, diffuſes kindly Warmth and genial Comfort to the weaken'd Limbs, and all Parts of the Body, and affords immediate ſenſible Relief in the moſt obſtinate Palſy, and all Paralytick Affects, Shaking, Trembling, Numbneſs, Deadneſs and Weakneſs, whether univerſal, or of particular Parts only, or whether lately contracted, or of many Years Continuance.

And as the very firſt Doſe makes an apparent demonſtrable Amendment to the continuing it for a ſhort Time, as ſurely accompliſhes a perfect Cure, not only of the moſt grievous Palſy or Reſolution of the Sinews, but alſo of their Cramp like Contractions, ſhrinking of the Nerves, and all other nervous Complaints whatever, and that in Perſons of either Sex, or of any Age, and whether occaſioned by preceeding Illneſſes, laſt Living, hard Drinking, long Courſes of Phyſick, great Colds, or exceſſive Fatigues either of Mind or Body.

Words cannot ſufficiently expreſs the uncommon, the unparallel'd Efficacy of this great Medicine, as all who take it, frankly acknowledge and its vaſtly ſuperior Excellency to all other Remedies, may be more ſecurely reſted on for the abſolute Cure of the Palſy, and all Paralytick Affects, and Nervous Indiſpoſitions, than the celebrated Cortex or Jeſuits Powder.

It reſtores all Diſorders of the firſt Paſſages, creates an Appetite produces a good Digeſtion, enriches the Blood, reſtores the natural Vigour and ready Uſe of the Limbs, and ſtrengthens the enfeebled Joints Muſcles Tendons, Ligaments and whole Habit to an inconceiv'd Degree. It is alſo very pleaſant to take, a comforting and cordial to the Stomach and Bowels, and for Safety might be given to the youngeſt Infant. It is to be had only by the Author's Appointment, at Mr Radford's Toyſhop, at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church yard in the Strand, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle with printed Directions at large.

CONFECTIO POTENTISSIMA.

Or, The moſt *Powerful Reſtorative Confect* in Nature For Impotency in *Men* and Barrenneſs in *Women*,

IS delightful to the Palate, moſt agreeable and cordial to the Stomach, enriches the Blood, encreaſes the Spirits, invigorates the Nerves, and perfectly reinvigorates all the Animal Faculties, and generative Powers, in both Sexes, to ſuch a Degree, as Words can ſcarcely expreſs; and yet acts, not only in a ſtimulating Quality, or blowing up a Flame, but by adding a true Pabulum Aureum, a kindly Fuel, by which Nature is in a Manner regenerated, and ſo much Strength, Vigour, and Ability, immediately given, that Impotence, and every Kind of Weakneſs, or Imbecility in the Male Sex, and Barrenneſs, and all Sorts of Weakneſs, and Inaptneſs to conjugal Rites in the Female Sex, are moſt infallibly and directly cured by it, in a very pleaſant and highly agreeable Manner, infinitely beyond what any other Remedy can accomplish. Decays of every Kind in either Sex, and all Seminal Weakneſſes, however occaſioned, it almoſt inſtantly cures, when nothing elſe will, and can be had only, by the Author's Appointment at the Gentleman's at the two Blue Poſts, in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at five Shillings a Pot; with printed Directions at large.

This Day is publiſh'd,
The Sixteenth Edition of

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution, and all its frightful Conſequences (in both Sexes) conſidered, with Spiritual and Phyſical Advice to thoſe who have already injured themſelves by this abominable Practice.

As alſo the SIXTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Revis'd and Enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the ſeveral Paſſages in the former Impreſſions, that have been charged with being obſcure and ambiguous, are in their cleared up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

Theſe Editions contain ſome further and ſurprizing Inſtances of the Miſchiefs by that filthy, ſinful Commerce with one ſelf, which is ſo notoriouſly practiſed, as well by the Adult and Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inſerted, ſhew.

And, amongſt others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Anſwer to it, concerning the Uſe and Abuſe of the Marriage Bed, together with divers Caſuiſtical and other Letters from both Sexes, of ſome ſecret unnatural Diſtempers, neceſſary to be known both by the married and ſingle of each Sex. To which is added,

A Curious PIECE tranſlated out of the Latin, from L. S SCHMEDIER, as it is inſerted in the Acta Lipſienſia, concerning the Return of the Seed into the Maſs of Blood, well worth the Peruſal of Phyſicians, Surgeons, Anatomiſts, and all others of Art and Curioſity.

As alſo Dr QUINCY's Tranſlation of Dr CARR's remarkable Anſwer to a Letter ſent by a Divine, concerning two Nuns in Rome, reported to have changed their Sex.

Likewiſe Dr DRAKE's and ſeveral other Phyſicians Opinions of Hermaphrodites, and Women brought to a Reſemblance of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Caſe of a young Lady of 18, whoſe well-wrote Letter to the Author, deſcribing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inſerted.

A very grave and learned Divine and Phyſician having peruſed this Diſcourſe, before it went to the Preſs, returned it with his Opinion of it in theſe Words

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People 'of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profeſſion, or Condition 'ſoever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin declaimed againſt in it.

Is now ſold (Mr IVERS, Bookſeller, at the Golden Ball, in Fleetſtreet being dead) by CHARLES CORBETT, Bookſeller, at Addiſon's Head, oppoſite St. Dunſtan's Church, Fleetſtreet, and by HENRY COOK under the Royal Exchange. Price Bound 3s. 6d.

This Day is publiſh'd,

The Seventh Edition (*wherein is inſerted a Method of inſtantly curing the moſt torturing Fits of the Cramp without Trouble, or the taking or uſing any Medicine, or being at any Expence whatever*) *with ſome very material Additions,* of

A Treatiſe of the Diſeaſes of the HEAD, BRAIN and NERVES more eſpecially of the Palſy, Apoplexy, Lethargy, Epilepſy Convulſions, Cramp Frenzy, Vertigo, Megrim, inveterate Head-ach &c. with Directions for their thorough Cure, and how theſe and many other deplorable Nervous Diſtempers may be effectually prevented, as well as certainly cured and conſequently many Lives ſaved by the Medicines therein, in Engliſh, preſcribed, without the leaſt Reſerve. To which is ſubjoined,

A Diſcourſe of MELANCHOLY in Men, and VAPOURS in Women; explaining the whole Train of Symptoms, various Degrees and real Cauſe of thoſe wretched Maladies; and diſcovering a ſhort and moſt certain Method of Cure, by ſafe and eaſy Remedies therein alſo candidly preſcribed, and by which Perſons of either Sex, who are unhappily affected with Melancholy or Vapours may abſolutely cure themſelves of thoſe pernicious Diſtempers in a ſhort Time, without Fatigue or Diſorder. By a Phyſician.

London, Printed and Sold by the Author's Appointment, only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Poſts in Haydon Yard, in the Minories. Price bound 2s

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ANTI-SIPHYLICON

THE only ſhort and moſt infallible CURE in the Univerſe for the *Venereal Diſeaſe* from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Freſh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever ſo ſevere, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and ſo effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a ſeminal Gleet, or Weakneſs, to happen on the other.

And the moſt inveterate Degree of the *French Illneſs*, attended with nocturnal Pains, univerſal Breakings-out, and all other the moſt exſpecrated Symptoms, are ſoon overcome by it, and effectually and much more ſafely cured than by Salivation, Inungation, or any other Method whatever, and in ſo eaſy and pleaſant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occaſioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to beſpeak it the only apposite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this ſome Thouſands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleaſant to take, occaſions no Sickneſs or Diſorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accompliſhed, without the Knowledge of the neareſt Friend.

Thoſe who ſuſpect they have received an Injury may, by only a Doſe or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehenſions; for it ſuffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, eaſy, and moſt effectual Manner.

All ſuch, likewiſe, as doubt they have ſome remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doſes of it, entirely free themſelves from all Suſpicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulneſs, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulneſſes of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Doſe than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this moſt noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but ſix Shillings a Pot, which, conſidering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being ſufficient, in moſt Caſes, to accompliſh the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-ſhop, at the Roſe and Crown, againſt St. Clement's Church-yard, in the Strand, ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, by the Peruſal of which all Perſons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Diſeaſe* may perfectly underſtand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poiſon* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies. Note, *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy.*

The GRAND SPECIFICK *for cleanſing and ſtrengthening the* REINS, *&c.*

A Medicine that hath gain'd ſo much Reputation for theſe many Years it has been publiſh'd; that not one of the many Pretenders to cure the like Caſes, has at all hinder'd the juſt Reputation of this firſt and only Specifick for theſe Purpoſes, hath obtain'd by its moſt Noble Effects, for it doth not only cure ſuch difficult Cures, which no other Medicine can, but in every ordinary Caſe, one Bottle will do more real Good than four, that are ſold by any of the common Pretenders, as has been ſufficiently atteſted by many Perſons of Worth and Reputation that they have found the deſired Effects, and declared it to Mr. Sandwell.

It may be certainly depended on as abſolutely effectual, for carrying off by Urine, ſafely and ſpeedily, all the Remains of pernicious unſkilfully prepar'd Mercurials, Gleets or Weakneſſes, thro' Fear of a Diſcharging'd Cures of the Venereal Diſeaſe, or from Self-Pollution, inordinate Coition, &c.

Alſo any Weakneſſes of the Veſſels from Wrenches, Strains, Blows or Falls; and all other obſtructions in the Urinary Paſſages, even Stranguries, Ulcers &c. are perfectly cured by it, be they of ever ſo long ſtanding: Which Relicts and Ailments are in part diſcovered by theſe following Symptoms, viz. Weakneſs and Pain in the Back, Sharpneſs in the Urine, its ſtrong Smell, Films or Hairs as it were floating about in it, and in ſome too frequent Occaſion to make it.

This Noble Specifick is alſo of ſingular and very extraordinary Uſe and Efficacy where there is any Gravel, or even ſmall Stones, Slime, or any other Matter that obſtructs the Urine; bringing all away in a few Times taking, with Safety, as has been happily experienced by great Numbers of both Sexes, and particularly by a Gentleman whoſe Caſe has ſo often been mentioned in this Advertiſement, by a Certificate of his Cure, who on taking but a little of it voided above an Ounce of Gravel, and was cured of an inſupportable Pain about his Loins, &c. by a ſhort Continuance of it.

It alſo ſtrengthens and recovers, after a particular Manner all Relaxations of the Veſſels, confirms the Parts, bringing all into right Order, and thereby perfects the Cure to Admiration. It's a very pleaſant Medicine, and will be found of uncommon Benefit to Mankind, beyond Expectation; which is the Reaſon of its being made ſubject, and to obviate the Ignorance of Pretenders in all the difficult Caſes above mentioned.

Sold for 7s. 6d. the Bottle, at Mr. Sandwell's Toyſhop at the Sign of the Griffin the Corner of Bucklersbury in the Poultry.

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Phyſicians and Surgeons allow, *that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes whether occaſion'd by too ſevere purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutions, or any other Cauſe whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Conſequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain, ſince they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous Syſtem, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorſalis, or Conſumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Conſumptions which frequently terminate in Death itſelf.*

All ſuch therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old or ſtubborn Gleets, Seminal Effuſions, Involuntary Emiſſions, exceſſive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakneſs of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetis, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtleſs be glad to meet with a certain, ſafe and ſpeedy Cure, which they may aſſuredly may, by the taking only a ſmall Quantity of a tranſcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary, now publiſhed for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail perfectly curing the moſt ſtubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as alſo all other Weakneſſes of the Back, Reins, Seminal Veſſels and Urinary Paſſages, which it almoſt inſtantly cures, bringing to rights and reſtoring all thoſe Parts and Paſſages to their natural Tone and priſtine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doſes of it only.

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When a Medicine will infallibly accompliſh ſuch a ſafe, ſpeedy and perfect Cure of ſuch difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been tryed in vain; too much cannot be ſaid in Praiſe of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the abovemention'd Purpoſes, have readily declared.

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